These are the main differences between the new policy, BCB BOARD MEMBER CONFLICT OF INTEREST, and the existing policy.

1- Voting Restrictions for Board Members:

- New Policy BCB: Governing Board members are eligible to vote on any budgetary, personnel, or other questions, except for specific items related to the appointment, employment, or remuneration of the member or their dependent.
- Existing Policy: Similar, stating that the Governing Board is eligible to vote on budgetary, personnel, or other questions without specific restrictions mentioned.

2- Employment Limitation:

- **New Policy BCB:** No dependent of a Governing Board member may be employed in the District without the consent of the Board.
- Existing Policy: No explicit mention of limitations on the employment of dependents of Governing Board members.

3- District Employee or Spouse on Governing Board:

- New Policy BCB: No employee of the District or the spouse of such an employee may hold membership on the Governing Board.
- Existing Policy: No explicit mention of restrictions on District employees or their spouses serving on the Governing Board.

4- Employment of Former Board Members:

- New Policy BCB: The District is allowed to employ a person who served as a member of the School District Governing Board during the preceding two years, but only in a position directly providing services to students.
- Existing Policy: No explicit mention of restrictions or permissions regarding the employment of former Board members.

5- Conflict of Interest:

- New Policy BCB: Board members or District employees with a substantial interest in any contract, sale, purchase, or service to the District must disclose the interest and refrain from voting or participating in the decision.
- Existing Policy: Similar, requiring disclosure and refraining from voting or participating in decisions when there is a substantial interest.

6- Purchases from Governing Board Members:

- New Policy BCB: Sets limits on purchases from Governing Board members, including procurement rules and approval requirements.
- Existing Policy: No explicit details on limits for purchases from Governing Board members.

7- Filing of Disclosures:

- New Policy BCB: The District shall maintain a special file for public inspection containing all documents necessary to memorialize disclosures of substantial interest.
- Existing Policy: Similar, maintaining secure files of documents for public inspection.

These are the main differences between the new policy, BDA BOARD ORGANIZATIONAL MEETING, and the existing policy.

This policy is new to us in that our current board policies do not include BDA BOARD ORGANIZATIONAL MEETING. It would depend upon the Board if you would like to include it as you are the sole board member per state statute.

These are the main differences between the new policy, BE- SCHOOL BOARD MEETINGS, and the current policy.

1- Meeting Definitions:

- Current Policy: Governing Board may transact business at official meetings, defined as regular or special.
- New Policy: Similar, with definitions for regular and special meetings.

2- Meeting Accessibility:

- Current Policy: Every meeting of the Governing Board, regular or special, shall be open to the public, with exceptions for executive sessions held in accordance with state law.
- New Policy: Similar, emphasizing that every regular meeting of the Board shall be open to the public.

3- Meeting Notice Requirements:

- **Current Policy:** Notice of regular meetings includes posting at least twenty-four (24) hours preceding the scheduled time, with exceptions for emergencies.
- **New Policy:** Notice of all Governing Board meetings, regular and special, shall be posted in compliance with the requirements prescribed by A.R.S. 38-431.02 and described in Board Policy BEDA.

4- Regular Board Meetings:

•	Current Policy: Designates the second (2nd) Tuesday of each calendar month as the
	regular meeting date.
•	New Policy: Allows the Board to choose either "The and
	of each month during the regular school year are
	designated as the regular Board meeting dates" or "The
	of each month during the regular school year is

5- Rescheduling or Cancellation of Meetings:

designated as the regular Board meeting date."

- **Current Policy:** Can be done by a majority vote of the Board, declaration of the Board President (or another member in the President's absence) in consultation with the Superintendent, or due to a significant event beyond the Board's control.
- New Policy: Similar, allowing rescheduling or cancellation by majority vote or declaration of the Board President (or another member in the President's absence), but the circumstances for cancellation are more explicitly defined.

6- Special Board Meetings:

- Current Policy: Special meetings may be called whenever deemed necessary, with written or telephoned notice given to Board members at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the meeting.
- New Policy: Similar, with special meetings being called as deemed necessary and notice provided at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance.

Here are the key differences between the new current version of BEDA and the existing version:

1- Statement on Website:

- Current Policy: A statement shall be conspicuously posted on the District's website specifying where all notices of the Governing Board meetings are posted, including the physical and electronic locations, and give additional public notice as is reasonable and practicable as to all meetings.
- **New Policy:** Similar, with an emphasis on the District's website being a key location for posting notices.

2- Posting Notices on Website:

- Current Policy: The District shall post all Governing Board public meeting notices on
 its website and give additional public notice as is reasonable and practicable as to all
 meetings.
- **New Policy:** Similar, emphasizing the posting of meeting notices on the District's website and additional public notice when reasonable.

3- Technological Problems or Failure:

- Current Policy: The Board is not precluded from holding a meeting if there is a technological problem or failure preventing the posting of public notice on the District website.
- New Policy: Similar, stating that the Board is not precluded from holding a meeting if a technological problem or failure prevents the posting of public notice on the District website, or temporarily or permanently prevents the use of all or part of the District's website.

4- Executive Session Notice:

- Current Policy: Notice of an executive session must be provided to the members of the Governing Board and the general public, including a general description of the matters to be considered.
- New Policy: Similar, requiring notice of an executive session to be provided to both the
 members of the Governing Board and the general public, with details on the matters to be
 considered.

5- Meeting Notice Period:

- Current Policy: At least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the meeting, notice shall be given to the general public, including the time and place, and the meeting agenda or any change in the agenda.
- New Policy: Similar, requiring notice to be given to the general public at least twenty-four (24) hours before the meeting, including details on time, place, agenda, or how the public may obtain a copy of the agenda.

6- Emergency Situations:

- Current Policy: A twenty-four (24) hour meeting notice is not required in the case of an actual emergency.
- New Policy: Similar, stating that a twenty-four (24) hour meeting notice is not required in the case of an actual emergency, but notice shall be given and procedures followed in accordance with the requirements of 38-431.02 as are appropriate to the circumstances.

7- Notice to Officers, Appointees, or Employees:

- Current Policy: Governing Board shall provide written notice of an executive session to any officer, appointee, or employee to be considered or discussed at a meeting, not less than twenty-four (24) hours before.
- **New Policy:** Similar, requiring the Governing Board to provide written notice of an executive session to any officer, appointee, or employee to be considered or discussed at a meeting, not less than twenty-four (24) hours before.

8- Meeting Rescheduling and Notification:

- Current Policy: A meeting may be recessed and resumed with less than twenty-four (24) hours notice if proper initial meeting notice was given, and public notice is given specifying the time and place.
- New Policy: No specific provision on meeting rescheduling and notification.

9- Regular Place and Time Notification:

- Current Policy: When the Governing Board intends to meet at a regular place and time for a specified calendar period, the District may post notice of the beginning of the applicable calendar period.
- New Policy: No specific provision on regular place and time notification.

Here are the key differences between the new policy (BEDB AGENDA) and the existing policy.

1- Agenda Contents:

- Current Policy: Specifies the order of business with items like reading of minutes, call to the audience, reports, old business, new business, and adjournment.
- New Policy: Specifies the order of business with items like call to order, adoption of the
 agenda, pledge of allegiance, board meeting minutes, information-only items, reports,
 public comments, action items (including consent agenda items and specific items of
 district business), information and discussion items, information items, requests for future
 agenda items, and adjournment.

2- Reports:

- Current Policy: Reports include those from the District Superintendent, Governing Board, and other categories.
- New Policy: Reports include a summary of current events from the Superintendent, celebrations and recognitions, reports from Governing Board members, and other categorical areas as the business of the District necessitates.

3- Public Comments:

- Current Policy: Members of the Governing Board shall not discuss or take legal action on matters raised during an open call to the public unless the matters are properly noticed for discussion and legal action.
- **New Policy:** Similar, stating that the Board may discuss, consider, or make decisions only on matters listed on the agenda and other matters related thereto.

4- Action Items:

- Current Policy: Action items include old business and new business.
- New Policy: Action items are categorized into consent agenda items and specific items of district business.

5- Information and Discussion Items:

- Current Policy: Information and discussion items are included but not categorized separately.
- **New Policy:** Information and discussion items are specifically listed as a separate category.

6- Special Meetings:

- Current Policy: Covers the call to order, items for which the special meeting was called, announcements, and adjournment.
- New Policy: Similar structure for special meetings.

7- Executive Sessions:

- Current Policy: Mentions that an executive session may be scheduled during a regular
 or special meeting, with details on notice requirements and purposes for holding an
 executive session.
- **New Policy:** Similar, with additional details on the specific provision of law authorizing the executive session and the option to hold an executive session for obtaining legal advice.

8- Emergency Meetings:

- Current Policy: Mentions emergency meetings in the case of an actual emergency, with details on following the order of business for a special meeting and subsequent public notice.
- **New Policy:** No specific provision on emergency meetings.

9- Accommodations for the Disabled:

- Current Policy: Includes information on how persons with disabilities can request accommodations.
- **New Policy:** Similar, providing details on how persons with disabilities can request reasonable accommodations.

Here are the key differences between the new policy, CBI EVALUATION OF SUPERINTENDENT, and the current policy.

1- Evaluation Timing:

- Current Policy: Refers to the Superintendent.
- New Policy: Refers to the District Superintendent.

2- Evaluation Instrument:

- Current Policy: Specifies that the Board and Superintendent will meet to agree on an evaluation instrument prior to the academic year.
- **New Policy:** Similar, with the District Superintendent providing the Governing Board a copy of the agreed-upon evaluation instrument not later than September 1 November 10.

3- Evaluation Meetings:

- Current Policy: Refers to meetings when the Board will devote an executive session to the evaluation of the Superintendent's performance, discuss working relationships, and review the Superintendent's contract.
- New Policy: Similar structure, with meetings to compile evaluations and discuss them with the District Superintendent held in executive session unless requested otherwise by the District Superintendent.

4- Evaluation Content:

- **Current Policy:** Specifies that the evaluations shall relate to the Superintendent's duties, responsibilities, and progress toward established goals.
- **New Policy:** Similar, with evaluations relating to the District Superintendent's duties, responsibilities, and progress toward established goals.

5- Contract Renewal and Changes:

- Current Policy: Specifies conditions for extending or renegotiating the Superintendent's contract.
- New Policy: Similar conditions for the District Superintendent, including not offering to extend or renegotiate the contract until a specified time.

6- Offering a New Contract:

- **Current Policy:** Specifies that the Board shall offer a contract for the next school year to the Superintendent on or before May 15 unless notice is given not to offer a new administrative contract by April 15.
- New Policy: Similar, offering a contract for the next school year to the District Superintendent by May 15, with notice of intention not to offer a new administrative contract by April 15.

7- Personnel File:

- Current Policy: Specifies that the evaluation and any comments by the Superintendent become part of the Superintendent's personnel file.
- New Policy: Similar, stating that the evaluation and any comments by the District Superintendent become part of the District Superintendent's personnel file.

Here are the key differences between the new board policy, EBC EMERGENCIES, and the existing policy.

1- Scope of Responsibility:

- Current Policy: Specifies that the District Superintendent will develop and maintain District emergency plans and coordinate them with police and fire authorities.
- New Policy: Expands the responsibility to each school, department, and other facilities in the District. The Superintendent will coordinate plans with local law enforcement, fire, medical, and hospital authorities.

2- Training Components:

- Current Policy: Does not mention training components for staff and students.
- New Policy: Includes that training components for staff and students shall be included in the Superintendent's emergency plans.

3- Confidentiality and Public Disclosure:

- Current Policy: Does not mention confidentiality or public disclosure.
- **New Policy:** States that emergency response plans are confidential and exempt from public disclosure. The District shall not release emergency response plans to the public as part of a public records request.

4- Minimum Standards:

- Current Policy: Does not mention minimum standards developed jointly by the Department of Education and the Division of Emergency Management.
- New Policy: Specifies that the plans will be in accordance with minimum standards developed jointly by the Department of Education and the Division of Emergency Management.

5- Review by Local Responders:

- **Current Policy:** Does not mention local responders being periodically invited to review the plan(s).
- **New Policy:** States that local responders shall periodically be invited to review the plan(s).

6- Communication and Assistance for Students with Disabilities:

- Current Policy: Does not mention how the plans should address communication and assistance for students with disabilities.
- New Policy: Specifies that emergency plans developed by the Governing Board are required to address how the school and emergency responders will communicate with and provide assistance to students with disabilities.

7- Annual Presentation to the Board:

- Current Policy: Does not specify whether the emergency plans will be presented annually to the Board.
- **New Policy:** States that emergency plans developed by the Superintendent will be presented annually to the Board.

Here are the key differences between the new board policy, GCG PART-TIME AND SUBSTITUTE PROFESSIONAL STAFF EMPLOYMENT, and the existing policy.

1- Daily Pay Rate for Substitute Teachers:

- Current Policy: States that the Governing Board will establish the daily pay rate for substitute teachers.
- New Policy: Retains the same provision.

2- Screening and Approval Process for Substitute Teachers:

- Current Policy: Mentions that the District Superintendent will screen applicants for substitute positions and recommend substitute teachers to the Governing Board for approval.
- New Policy: Specifies that the Superintendent will screen all applicants for substitute positions and recommend substitute teachers to the Board for approval. The Superintendent will also establish regulations to ensure that all substitutes used in the schools are on the Board-approved substitute list.

3- Employment of Temporary or Part-Time Personnel:

- Current Policy: Gives authority to the District Superintendent to employ temporary or part-time personnel on a per diem or time card basis, subject to certain conditions.
- New Policy: Retains the same authority for the Superintendent, subject to conditions such as confirmation and approval by the Board at its next official meeting, compensation in accordance with existing contracts, and notification to the Board for temporary assignment to supervisory or administrative positions.

4- Optional Language for Small School Districts:

- Current Policy: Does not include optional language for small school districts.
- New Policy: Introduces optional language for small school districts, allowing the
 employment of a substitute teacher who is related to a Governing Board member under
 certain conditions.

5- Contract Teachers Serving as Substitutes:

- **Current Policy:** Includes a provision for contract teachers serving as substitutes during rotation or scheduled holiday leave, with pay at the current substitute daily rate.
- New Policy: Does not explicitly mention contract teachers serving as substitutes.

JLH © MISSING STUDENTS

Following proper notification, the records of each missing child will be flagged with a red sticker in the upper-right-hand corner of the cumulative folder. When records are requested for missing children, the local law enforcement agency will be notified, and no records will be sent.

The parent or surrogate of each new enrollee in the school, except homeless students, will be asked to produce one (1) of the following proofs:

- A. A certified copy of the child's birth certificate.
- B. Other reliable proof of the student's identity and age, including the student's baptismal certificate, an application for a Social Security number, or original school registration records and an affidavit explaining the inability to provide a copy of the birth certificate.
- C. A letter from the authorized representative of an agency having custody of the student (pursuant to statute) certifying that the student has been placed in the custody of the agency as prescribed by law.

The parent or surrogate will be given thirty (30) days to provide documentation requested as listed above. If documentation is not provided, a second (2nd) letter will be sent to notify the parent or guardian that unless the documentation is provided within ten (10) days, the local law enforcement agency will be notified.

Nothing contained in this policy shall authorize the school to disclose to any person a student's educational record without prior parental consent unless the school makes a determination that disclosure of such records is necessary to protect the health and safety of the student.

Within ten (10) days after enrolling a transfer student from a public school or from a private school, the school will request, directly from the previous school, a certified copy of the student's record. When records are requested by another school, within ten (10) days the school will comply with the request unless the record has been flagged pursuant to A.R.S. 15-829 or the request does not conform to the requirements related to proper release of records by an emancipated student or a parent or guardian.

For purposes of this policy:

A. *Flag* means to mark or identify as pertaining to a missing child, or an indication identifying an item as pertaining to a missing child.

B. *Missing child* means a person who is under the age of eighteen (18) years, whose temporary or permanent residence is in this state or is believed to be in this state, whose location has not been determined, and who has been reported as missing to a law enforcement agency.

Adopted: ______ LEGAL REF.:
A.R.S.
13-3620
15-824
15-828
15-829
32-1472
42 U.S.C. 11301, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act of 2001,

as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) of 2015

CROSS REF.:

JF - Student Admissions

JFAB - Admission of Nonresident Students

JR - Student Records

JRCA - Request for Transfer of Records

JK © STUDENT DISCIPLINE

The Superintendent or designee shall recommend policies and develop procedures for the discipline of students that comply with A.R.S. 15-843. These policies and procedures will apply to all students traveling to, attending, and returning from school, and while visiting another school or at a school-sanctioned activity, or in any other situation in which the District may lawfully exercise its authority to discipline a student. When suspension or expulsion is involved, notice, hearing, and appeal procedures shall conform to applicable legal requirements.

The discipline, suspension and expulsion of pupils shall not be based on race, color, religion, sex, disability, national origin, ancestry or any other unlawful reason. A substantial or deliberate failure to comply with the prohibition against race, color, religion, sex, disability, national origin, ancestry or any other unlawful reason may subject the District to the loss of funds imposed by A.R.S. 15-843.

Unless required by A.R.S. 15-841(G), bringing a firearm to school, which may be modified on a case-by-case basis, a school district may out-of- school suspend or expel a pupil who is enrolled in kindergarten through fourth grade (K-4) only if all of the following apply:

- A. The pupil is seven (7) years of age or older.
- B. The pupil engaged in conduct on school grounds that meets one (1) of the following criteria:
 - 1. Involves the possession of a dangerous weapon without authorization from the school.
- 2. Involves the possession, use or sale of a dangerous drug as defined in A.R.S. 13-3401 or a narcotic drug as defined in A.R.S. 13-3401 or a violation of A.R.S. 13-3411.
 - 3. Immediately endangers the health or safety of others.
 - 4. The pupil's behavior is determined by the School District Governing Board to qualify as aggravating circumstances and that all of the following apply:
 - a. The pupil is engaged in persistent behavior that has been documented by the school and that prevents other pupils from learning or prevents the teacher from maintaining control of the classroom environment.
 - b. The pupil's ongoing behavior is unresponsive to targeted interventions as documented through an established intervention process that includes consultation with a school counselor, school psychologist or other mental health professional or social worker if available within the School District or through a state sponsored program.

- c. The pupil's parent or guardian was notified and consulted about the ongoing behavior.
 - d. Before a long-term suspension or expulsion, the school provides the pupil with a disability screening and the screening finds that the behavioral issues were not the result of a disability.
 - C. Failing to remove the pupil from the school building would create a safety threat that cannot otherwise reasonably be addressed or qualifies as "aggravating circumstances."
 - D. Before suspending or expelling the pupil, the School District considers and, if feasible while maintaining the health and safety of others, in consultation with the pupil's parent or guardian to the extent possible, employs alternative behavioral and disciplinary interventions that are available to the School District, that are appropriate to the circumstances and that are considerate of health and safety. The School District shall document the alternative behavioral and disciplinary interventions it considers and employs.
 - E. The School District, by policy, provides for both:
 - 1. A readmission procedure for pupils who are in kindergarten through fourth grade (K-4) and who have served at least five (5) school days of a suspension from the school that exceeds ten (10) school days to be considered for readmission on appeal of the pupil's parent or guardian.
 - 2. A readmission procedure for pupils who are in kindergarten through fourth grade (K-4) and who are expelled from or subject to alternative reassignment at the school to be considered for readmission on appeal of the pupil's parent or guardian at least twenty (20) school days after the effective date of the expulsion or alternative reassignment.

A school district is exempt from having to meet the prescribed criteria for the suspension of a student in kindergarten (K) or the first through fourth (1st - 4th) grades if either:

- A. Expulsion is required pursuant to A.R.S. 15-841(G) due to a student's possession of a firearm at school.
- B. The suspension does not exceed two (2) days and the aggregate suspensions for the pupil do not exceed ten (10) days within a school year.

"Aggravating circumstances" means the pupil is engaged in persistent behavior that:

A. Has been documented by the school.

- B. Prevents other students from learning or prevents the teacher from maintaining control of the classroom environment.
- C. Is unresponsive to targeted interventions as documented through an established intervention process.

The principal of each school shall ensure that a copy of all rules pertaining to discipline, suspension, and expulsion of pupils are distributed to the parents of each pupil at the time the pupil is enrolled in school.

The principal of each school shall ensure that all rules pertaining to the discipline, suspension, and expulsion of pupils are communicated to students at the beginning of each school year, and to transfer students at the time of their enrollment in the school.

Information concerning a student's disciplinary record will be held in the strictest confidence.

Disciplinary actions taken will be recorded in an administrative log, and all types of suspensions or expulsions will be recorded in a separate file for each student.

Temporary Removal

Teachers are authorized to temporarily remove a student from a class. A teacher may temporarily remove a student to the principal, or to a person designated by the school administrator, in accord with:

- A. Rules established for the referral of students.
- B. The conditions of A.R.S. 15-841, when applicable.

The Superintendent or designee shall establish such rules as are necessary to implement the temporary removal procedure.

Confinement

If confinement is authorized by the Governing Board, in accordance with A.R.S. 15-843, the Superintendent shall ensure that disciplinary policies involving the confinement of pupils left alone in an enclosed space shall include the following:

- A. A process for prior written parental notification that confinement may be used for disciplinary purposes that is included in the pupil's enrollment packet or admission form.
- B. A process for written parental consent before confinement is allowed for any pupil in the School District. The policies shall provide for an exemption to prior written parental consent if a school principal or teacher determines that the pupil poses imminent physical harm to self or others. The school principal or teacher shall make reasonable attempts to notify the pupil's parent or guardian in writing by the end of the same day that confinement was used.

Schools are not prohibited from adopting policies which include procedures for the reasonable use of physical force by certificated or support staff personnel in self-defense, defense of others and defense of property (A.R.S. 15-843, subsection b, paragraph 3.)

Threatened an Educational Institution

Threatened an educational institution means to interfere with or disrupt an educational institution as found in A.R.S. 15-841 and 13-2911. A student who is determined to have threatened an educational institution shall be expelled from school for at least one (1) year except that the District may modify this expulsion requirement for a pupil on a case-by-case basis and may reassign a pupil subject to expulsion to an alternative education program if the pupil participates in mediation, community service, restitution or other programs in which the pupil takes responsibility for the results of the threat. The District may require the student's parent(s) to participate in mediation, community service, restitution or other programs with the student as a condition to the reassignment of the pupil to an alternative education program.

Regulating Off-Campus Speech

While the District may regulate certain types of off-campus student speech, it must be mindful of student rights of expression under the First Amendment.

Circumstances that may implicate the District's off-campus regulatory interests include, but are not limited to:

- A. Serious or severe bullying or harassment targeting particular individuals.
- B. Threats aimed at teachers or other students.
- C. The failure to follow rules concerning:
 - 1. Lessons.
 - 2. The writing of papers.
 - 3. The use of computers.
 - 4. Participation in other online school activities.
- D. Breaches of school security devices.

The District	may take	affirmative	steps to	work	with	the	student,	short	of
discipline, to	engage in f	future respec	ctful and	accour	ntable	digi	tal citize	nship.	

LEGAL REF.:

A.R.S.

 $13-403 \ et \ seq.$

13-2911

13-3401

13-3411

15-105

15-341

15-342

15-841

15-842

15-843

15-844

CROSS REF.:

GBEB - Staff Conduct JIC -

Student Conduct

JKA - Corporal Punishment JKD -

Student Suspension JKE -

Expulsion of Students

JLDB - Restraint and Seclusion

JKD © STUDENT SUSPENSION

A student may be removed from contact with other students as a temporary measure.

The authority to suspend a student for up to ten (10) days, after an informal hearing is held, rests with the Superintendent, principal, or other school officials granted this power by the Governing Board of the School District. If a danger to students or staff members is present, the Superintendent or designee may immediately remove the student from school, with prior contact with the parents and with a notice and hearing following as soon as practicable. Each suspension shall be reported to the Governing Board, within five (5) days, by the person imposing it. [A.R.S. 15-843]

In all cases, except summary suspension where a clear and present danger is evident, the student shall remain in school until applicable due process procedures are instituted. In *no* instance shall students be released early from school unless parents have been notified.

Suspension of pupils in a kindergarten program and grades one (1) through four (4) must comply with A.R.S. 15-843(K), as follows:

Unless required by A.R.S. 15-841(G), bringing a firearm to school, which may be modified on a case-by-case basis, a school district may out-of- school suspend or expel a pupil who is enrolled in kindergarten through fourth grade (K-4) only if all of the following apply:

- A. The pupil is seven (7) years of age or older.
- B. The pupil engaged in conduct on school grounds that meets one (1) of the following criteria:
 - 1. Involves the possession of a dangerous weapon without authorization from the school.
- 2. Involves the possession, use or sale of a dangerous drug as defined in A.R.S. 13-3401 or a narcotic drug as defined in A.R.S. 13-3401 or a violation of A.R.S. 13-3411.
 - 3. Immediately endangers the health or safety of others.
 - 4. The pupil's behavior is determined by the School District Governing Board to qualify as aggravating circumstances and that all of the following apply:
 - a. The pupil is engaged in persistent behavior that has been documented by the school and that prevents other pupils from learning or prevents the teacher from maintaining control of the classroom environment.

- b. The pupil's ongoing behavior is unresponsive to targeted interventions as documented through an established intervention process that includes consultation with a school counselor, school psychologist or other mental health professional or social worker if available within the School District or through a state sponsored program.
- c. The pupil's parent or guardian was notified and consulted about the ongoing behavior.
- d. Before a long-term suspension or expulsion, the school provides the pupil with a disability screening and the screening finds that the behavioral issues were not the result of a disability.
- C. Failing to remove the pupil from the school building would create a safety threat that cannot otherwise reasonably be addressed or qualifies as "aggravating circumstances."
- D. Before suspending or expelling the pupil, the School District considers and, if feasible while maintaining the health and safety of others, in consultation with the pupil's parent or guardian to the extent possible, employs alternative behavioral and disciplinary interventions that are available to the School District, that are appropriate to the circumstances and that are considerate of health and safety. The School District shall document the alternative behavioral and disciplinary interventions it considers and employs.
- E. The School District, by policy, provides for both:
 - 1. A readmission procedure for pupils who are in kindergarten through fourth grade (K-4) and who have served at least five (5) school days of a suspension from the school that exceeds ten (10) school days to be considered for readmission on appeal of the pupil's parent or guardian.
 - 2. A readmission procedure for pupils who are in kindergarten through fourth grade (K-4) and who are expelled from or subject to alternative reassignment at the school to be considered for readmission on appeal of the pupil's parent or guardian at least twenty (20) school days after the effective date of the expulsion or alternative reassignment.

A school district is exempt from having to meet the prescribed criteria for the suspension of a student in kindergarten (K) or the first through fourth (1st - 4th) grades if either:

- A. Expulsion is required pursuant to A.R.S. 15-841(G) due to a student's possession of a firearm at school.
- B. The suspension does not exceed two (2) days and the aggregate suspensions for the pupil do not exceed ten (10) days within a school year.

"Aggravating circumstances" means the pupil is engaged in persistent behavior that:

- A. Has been documented by the school.
- B. Prevents other students from learning or prevents the teacher from maintaining control of the classroom environment.
- C. Is unresponsive to targeted interventions as documented through an established intervention process.

The Superintendent may designate a hearing officer for suspension hearings.

Regular Education Students

Suspension for ten days or less:

- A. Step 1: The student will receive notice, written or oral, of the reason for suspension and the evidence the school authorities have of the alleged misconduct.
 - 1. After having received notice, the student will be asked for an explanation of the situation.
 - 2. The authorized District personnel shall make reasonable efforts to verify facts and statements prior to making a judgment.

B. Step 2: Following Step 1:

- 1. Provided that a written record of the action taken is kept on file, authorized District personnel may:
 - a. Suspend the student for up to ten (10) days.
 - b. Choose other disciplinary alternatives.
 - c. Exonerate the student.
- d. Suspend the student for ten (10) days pending a recommendation that the student be given a long-term suspension or expulsion or both.
- 2. When suspension is involved:
 - a. A parent must be notified before the student is allowed to leave campus. If no parent contact can be made, the student may be isolated until dismissal time and then given a written message to the parents.
 - b. A letter to the parents will be written within a reasonable time to explain the terms (including the possibility that a long-term suspension and/or expulsion is being recommended) and reasons for the suspension and to request a meeting to solicit their help.
- 3. No appeal is available from a short-term suspension.

Suspension for over ten days:

- A. Step 3: If the offense is one that could result in a suspension of over ten (10) days, in addition to Step 1 and Step 2 a formal hearing will be arranged and conducted by a hearing officer or by the Superintendent.
- B. Step 4: A formal letter to the responsible parent or guardian will be mailed by certified mail with return receipt requested or delivered by hand (with an adult witness present) at least five (5) working days prior to the formal hearing. A copy of this letter will remain on file, and the letter should contain the following information:
 - 1. The charges and the rule or regulation violated.
 - 2. The extent of the punishment to be considered.
 - 3. The date, time, and place of the formal hearing.
 - 4. A designation of the District's witnesses.
 - 5. That the student may present witnesses.
 - 6. That the student may be represented by counsel at student's expense.
 - 7. If a hearing officer has been designated, the name of the hearing officer.
- C. *Step 5*: A formal hearing will be held, during which the student will be informed of the following:
 - 1. Nothing in these procedures shall be construed to prevent the students who are subject to the action and their parents or legal guardians and legal counsel from attending any executive (closed) session pertaining to the proposed disciplinary action, or from having access to the minutes and testimony of such session or from recording such a session at the parent's or legal guardian's expense.
 - 2. The student is entitled to a statement of the charges and the rule or regulation violated.
 - 3. The student may be represented by counsel, without bias to the student.
 - 4. The student may present witnesses.
 - 5. The student or counsel may cross-examine witnesses presented by the District.
 - 6. The burden of proof of the offense lies with the District.

- 7. Either the hearing must be recorded on tape or an official record must be kept in some other appropriate manner. In addition, parents are to be allowed to tape-record the hearing at their own expense.
- 8. The District has the right to cross-examine witnesses, and may be represented by an attorney.
- D. *Step 6*: The decision and appeal procedure, if applicable, upon the conclusion of the hearing will be as follows:
 - 1. Upon the conclusion of a hearing by a hearing officer in which a decision of long-term suspension is made, the decision may be appealed to the Board. To arrange such an appeal, the parent(s) of the suspended student or the student must deliver to the Superintendent a letter directed to the Board within five (5) days after receiving written notice of the long-term suspension. The letter must describe in detail any objections to the hearing or the decision rendered.
 - 2. The appeal to the Board will be on the record of the hearing held by the hearing officer. If the Board determines that the student was not afforded due process rights or that this policy was not followed in all substantive respects, the student shall be given another hearing. If the Board determines that the punishment was not reasonable, they may modify the punishment.
 - 3. The decision of the Board is final.

Special Education Students

Suspension for ten days or less. Short-term suspension (ten [10] days or less) may be used for special education students for disciplinary reasons on the same basis as for a regular education student. (It is not considered a change of placement.)

- A. Step 1: The student will receive notice, written or oral, of the reason for suspension and the evidence the school authorities have of the alleged misconduct.
 - 1. After having received notice, the student will be asked for an explanation of the situation.
 - 2. The authorized District personnel involved shall make reasonable efforts to verify facts and statements prior to making a judgment.
- B. Step 2: Following Step 1:
 - 1. Provided that a written record of the action taken is kept on file, authorized District personnel may:
 - a. Suspend the student for up to ten (10) days.

- b. Choose other disciplinary alternatives.
- c. Exonerate the student.
- d. Suspend the student for ten (10) days pending a recommendation that the student be given a long-term suspension or expulsion or both.
- 2. When suspension is involved:
 - a. A parent must be notified before the student is allowed to leave campus. If no parent contact can be made, the student may be isolated until dismissal time and then given a written message to the parents.
 - b. A letter to the parents will be written within a reasonable time to explain the terms (including the possibility that a long-term suspension and/or expulsion is being recommended) and reasons for the suspension and to request a meeting to solicit their help.
- 3. No appeal is available from a short-term suspension.

Suspension for over ten days

If a special education student is recommended for a suspension of more than ten (10) days during the school year (a possible change in placement), a manifestation determination conference must be held.

- A. Step 3: A recommended suspension of a special education student for more than ten (10) consecutive days, or a series of suspensions totaling more than ten (10) days, may constitute a change of placement and shall require a manifestation determination conference. Such a conference shall be for the purpose of determining whether or not the offense is a manifestation of the student's disability.
- B. Step 4: If the offense is not a manifestation of the disability of the student, the student may be suspended by following the District policies for students in general, provided that educational services are continued during the period of disciplinary removal for a student with a disability qualified under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). A student with a disability qualified for educational services under the Americans with Disabilities Act or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and not qualified under IDEA, may be suspended or expelled from school, and educational services may be ceased, if nondisabled students in similar circumstances do not continue to receive educational services.
- C. Step 5: If the behaviors are a manifestation of the disability of the student, the District may not extend the suspension of the student beyond the initial ten (10) school days.

An exception to the above allows for an IDEA qualified student to be given a change in placement to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) days, in accord with federal law and regulation, if the removal is for IDEA defined drug or weapons offenses or is based upon a due process hearing officer's determination that injury to the child or another is substantially likely if current placement is maintained.

Any interim alternative educational setting must be selected so as to enable the child to continue to progress in the general curriculum, although in another setting, and to continue to receive those services and modifications, including those described in the child's current IEP; and include services and modifications which are designed to prevent the behaviors for which the placement was made from recurring. (*Caution*: refer to IDEA statutes and regulations before implementing the exception.)

Alternative to Suspension

Students meeting the following requirements may participate in an alternative to suspension program described below at the determination of the Superintendent:

- A. Suspension from school has been determined as the punishment for an offense and any appeal has been denied.
- B. The immediate suspension was not due to:
 - 1. Fighting or engaging in violent behavior
 - 2. Threatening an educational institution
 - 3. Selling, using or possessing weapons, firearms, explosives, or dangerous instruments
 - 4. Making a bomb threat
 - 5. Engaging in arson
- C. The student has not served more than one (1) short-term suspension or alternative to suspension of ten (10) days or less during the current academic year.
- D. The student has admitted to or taken responsibility for the act upon which suspension was imposed in a written statement signed by the student and attested to by the student's parent or guardian.
- E. The student and parent or guardian has received a written admonition that the suspension as originally determined will be imposed summarily and in its entirety should the student violate the conditions or requirements of the Alternative to Suspension Program. (*Note*: Follow appropriate dismissal procedures.)

- F. Parent(s) or guardian(s) shall agree to participate by:
 - 1. Providing transportation as necessary to and from the program location.
 - 2. Furnishing meals prepackaged or purchasing same for the student.
 - 3. Establishing and monitoring in consultation with the school a supervisory routine limiting the student's contact to that which is necessary with other students and friends during the program.

The Alternative to Suspension Program is to be one of social isolation. It shall be discipline intensive, requiring academic work and as determined may involve community service, groundskeeping, and litter control. Parents will participate by providing support and supervision.

- A. Students will be isolated from others by means of barriers or distance at a location determined by the District. No participation in any school sponsored activity will be permitted during the program.
- B. Communication by students with others will be limited to adult District staff or as directed by the adult supervisor on duty.
- C. Ordered study time will be established for each student consistent with the number of classes in which the student is enrolled, divided proportionately through the academic day.
- D. Students are confined to their assigned areas and seats except as designated by the supervisor. All personal maintenance will be planned and approved by the supervisor.
- E. Students are to bring all books, workbooks, paper and necessary instruments for each class in which they are enrolled to the program daily and take the same material home each day of the program.
- F. Protocols for implementation of the Alternative to Suspension Program following the requirements above may be established by the administrator at each location.

Procedures and Conditions for Readmission of Students Suspended for More Than Ten Days

Early readmission procedures

The Superintendent may authorize early readmission of a student suspended for more than ten (10) days. The student shall be considered for readmission only upon completion of the major portion of the suspension (usually one [1] day more than half [1/2] with consideration for the grading period or academic division as necessary). The following conditions must be met:

- A. A written request must be submitted to the Superintendent on behalf of the student by the student's parent or guardian asking for readmission and requesting a meeting to determine any requirements.
- B. Accompanying the written request shall be a summary of the student's activities and accomplishments during the suspension period written and signed by the student and signed and attested to by the parent or guardian. (Parents of elementary grade students may prepare the summary.)
- C. The request shall include a signed statement from local law enforcement officials that there have been no infractions of local or state codes for which the student could have been charged during the period of the suspension.
- D. At the time of the meeting to review the request the student may be required to explain the incident or incidents leading up to the suspension.
- E. The determination to allow readmission may be based on, but not limited to, the following elements:
 - 1. The age of the student.
 - 2. The frequency, type, and relative magnitude of previous misbehavior by the student.
 - 3. The relative severity of the event(s).
 - 4. Whether the student's behavior violated civil or criminal laws.
 - 5. The degree to which the incident(s) interfered with the educational process.
 - 6. The extent to which the event created endangerment to the student, others or property.
 - 7. Special intellectual, psychological, emotional, environmental and physical characteristics of the student.
 - 8. The student's attitude concerning the event(s).
 - 9. The expressed intent concerning the student's future behavior.
- F. Should early readmission be granted, the student, with parent or guardian affirmation, shall agree to the following conditions:
 - 1. Regular attendance—no unexcused absences.
 - 2. No violation of school rules or policies.

- 3 Attendance at after school events for the remaining term of suspension only with prior approval of the administration.
 - 4. Completion of all class tasks in timely fashion, as directed.
 - 5. Student will receive supervision before and after school by parental arrangement, travel directly to school and from school, and report immediately to a supervisor for the balance of the term of the suspension.
 - G. The student and parent or guardian shall receive a written admonition that failure in the conditions required for early readmission will mean summary imposition of the remainder of the suspension, and additional punishment if indicated by the disciplinary policies and procedures of the District.

Adopted:	LEGAL REF.:
A.R.S.	
13-3401	
13-3411	
15-342	
15-766	
15-767	
15-841	
15-842	
15-843	
A.A.C. R7-	
2-401 R7-	
2-405	
A.G.O. I78-	
103 I78-	
218 I80-	
055 I84-	
036	
20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., Individuals with	n Disabilities Education Act 20
U.S.C. 7151 et seq., The Gun-Free Scho	ool Act of 1990
29 U.S.C. 794 Rehabilitation Act of 197	73, (Section 504)

CROSS REF.:

IHB - Special Instructional Programs

JK - Student Discipline

JR - Student Records

JKE © EXPULSION OF STUDENTS

A recommendation to expel shall be by the Superintendent or designee. The authority to expel rests only with the Board. All expulsions requested shall have supporting data indicating the required due process procedure provided at the time of recommendation.

Expulsion of pupils in a kindergarten program and grades one (1) through four (4) must comply with A.R.S. 15-843(K), as follows:

Unless required by A.R.S. 15-841(G), bringing a firearm to school, which may be modified on a case-by-case basis, a school district may out-of-school suspend or expel a pupil who is enrolled in kindergarten through fourth grade (K-4) only if all of the following apply:

- A. The pupil is seven (7) years of age or older.
- B. The pupil engaged in conduct on school grounds that meets one (1) of the following criteria:
 - 1. Involves the possession of a dangerous weapon without authorization from the school.
- 2. Involves the possession, use or sale of a dangerous drug as defined in A.R.S. 13-3401 or a narcotic drug as defined in A.R.S. 13-3401 or a violation of A.R.S. 13-3411.
 - 3. Immediately endangers the health or safety of others.
 - 4. The pupil's behavior is determined by the School District Governing Board to qualify as aggravating circumstances and that all of the following apply:
 - a. The pupil is engaged in persistent behavior that has been documented by the school and that prevents other pupils from learning or prevents the teacher from maintaining control of the classroom environment.
 - b. The pupil's ongoing behavior is unresponsive to targeted interventions as documented through an established intervention process that includes consultation with a school counselor, school psychologist or other mental health professional or social worker if available within the School District or through a state sponsored program.
 - c. The pupil's parent or guardian was notified and consulted about the ongoing behavior.

- d. Before a long-term suspension or expulsion, the school provides the pupil with a disability screening and the screening finds that the behavioral issues were not the result of a disability.
- C. Failing to remove the pupil from the school building would create a safety threat that cannot otherwise reasonably be addressed or qualifies as "aggravating circumstances."
- D. Before suspending or expelling the pupil, the School District considers and, if feasible while maintaining the health and safety of others, in consultation with the pupil's parent or guardian to the extent possible, employs alternative behavioral and disciplinary interventions that are available to the School District, that are appropriate to the circumstances and that are considerate of health and safety. The School District shall document the alternative behavioral and disciplinary interventions it considers and employs.
- E. The School District, by policy, provides for both:
 - 1. A readmission procedure for pupils who are in kindergarten through fourth grade (K-4) and who have served at least five (5) school days of a suspension from the school that exceeds ten (10) school days to be considered for readmission on appeal of the pupil's parent or guardian.
 - 2. A readmission procedure for pupils who are in kindergarten through fourth grade (K-4) and who are expelled from or subject to alternative reassignment at the school to be considered for readmission on appeal of the pupil's parent or guardian at least twenty (20) school days after the effective date of the expulsion or alternative reassignment.

A school district is exempt from having to meet the prescribed criteria for the suspension of a student in kindergarten (K) or the first through fourth (1st - 4th) grades if either:

- A. Expulsion is required pursuant to A.R.S. 15-841(G) due to a student's possession of a firearm at school.
- B. The suspension does not exceed two (2) days and the aggregate suspensions for the pupil do not exceed ten (10) days within a school year.

"Aggravating circumstances" means the pupil is engaged in persistent behavior that:

- A. has been documented by the school.
- B. prevents other students from learning or prevents the teacher from maintaining control of the classroom environment.
- C. is unresponsive to targeted interventions as documented through an established intervention process.

The Governing Board (**Option A**: will decide in executive session whether the Board will conduct an expulsion hearing or designate one (1) or more hearing officers to hear the evidence) **OR** (**Option B**: directs all expulsions hearings to be conducted by a hearing officer selected from a list of hearing officers approved by the Board).

Expulsion

Regular Education Students

Expulsion is the permanent exclusion of a student from school and school activities, unless the Governing Board reinstates the student's privileges to attend school.

- A. *Step 1*: Each recommendation for expulsion shall be delivered to the Superintendent or designee. A recommendation for expulsion may be made before, after or in conjunction with a long-term suspension hearing, if one is to be held.
- B. Step 2: If the Superintendent or designee concurs with the recommendation, the Superintendent or designee shall (**Option A:** present the recommendation to the Governing Board) **OR** (**Option B:** present the recommendation for expulsion to a hearing officer selected from a list of hearing officers approved by the Board).
- C. Step 3: In each case in which a recommendation for expulsion receives approval by the Superintendent or designee, (and the Board has not determined that all expulsion hearings are to be conducted by a hearing officer), the Governing Board will meet in executive session:
 - 1. to determine whether the nature of the accusations against the student justify an expulsion hearing,
 - 2. to determine whether the hearing will be held before the Governing Board or before a hearing officer,
 - 3. to designate a hearing officer if one will be used, and
 - 4. if the hearing will be conducted by the Governing Board to determine whether the hearing will be conducted in executive session. Under normal circumstances, the Governing Board will not review any documents or other pertinent evidence during the initial executive session.
- D. *Step 4*: The expulsion hearing should be scheduled so it may be resolved, if reasonably possible, during the period of any suspension.

- E. Step 5: A formal letter to the responsible parent or guardian will be mailed by certified mail with return receipt requested or delivered by hand (with an adult witness present) at least five (5) working days prior to the formal hearing. A copy of this letter will remain on file, and the letter should contain:
 - 1. A statement of the charges and the rule or regulation violated.
 - 2. The extent of the punishment to be considered.
 - 3. The date, time, and place of the formal hearing.
 - 4. A designation of the District's witnesses.
 - 5. That the student may present witnesses.
 - 6. That the student may be represented by counsel at the student's expense.
 - 7. If a hearing officer has been appointed, the name of the hearing officer and how the hearing officer may be contacted, or a statement that the Governing Board will preside at the hearing.
 - 8. Copies of this policy and A.R.S. 15-840 and 15-843 unless previously provided in connection with the same infraction.
- F. Step 6: The parent, guardian or emancipated student shall be informed of the following:
 - 1. Nothing in these procedures shall be construed to prevent the students who are subject to the action and their parents or legal guardians and legal counsel from attending any executive (closed) session pertaining to the proposed disciplinary action, or from having access to the minutes and testimony of such session or from recording such a session at the parent's or legal guardian's expense.
 - 2. The student is entitled to a statement of the charges and the rule or regulation violated.
 - 3. The student may be represented by counsel, without bias to the student.
 - 4. The student may present witnesses.
 - 5. The student or counsel may cross-examine witnesses presented by the District.
 - 6. The burden of proof of the offense lies with the District.
 - 7. Either the hearing must be recorded on tape or an official record must be kept in some other appropriate manner. In addition, parents are to be allowed to tape-record the hearing at their own expense.
 - 8. The District has the right to cross-examine witnesses, and may be represented by an attorney.

- 9. If the hearing is held before a hearing officer, the hearing will be conducted in private with the attendance of only the hearing officer, administrative representatives, the student and parent(s), counsel for the parties, and witnesses necessary to the proceedings, unless the parent(s), guardian(s) or emancipated student requests in writing that the hearing be open to public attendance.
- 10. If the hearing is held before the Governing Board the Board will conduct the hearing in executive session with the attendance of only the hearing officer, administrative representatives, the student and parent(s), counsel for the parties, and witnesses necessary to the proceedings, unless the parent(s), guardian(s) or emancipated student requests in writing that the hearing be open to public attendance.

G. *Step 7*: A formal hearing will be held:

When a parent or legal guardian has disagreed that the hearing should be held in executive (closed) session, it shall be held in an open meeting unless:

- a. If only one (1) student is subject to the proposed action, and disagreement exists between that student's parents or legal guardians, then the Board (hearing officer), after consultation with the student's parents or legal guardians, shall decide in executive (closed) session whether the hearing will be in executive (closed) session.
- b. If more than one (1) student is subject to the proposed action and disagreement exists between the parents of different students, then separate hearings shall be held subject to the provisions of A.R.S. 15-843.
- H. *Step 8*: The decision and appeal procedure, if applicable, upon the conclusion of the hearing will be as follows:
 - 1. Upon conclusion of a hearing conducted by a hearing officer, if a recommendation for expulsion is made, the decision may be appealed to the Board at the time the Board considers the recommendation. A formal letter to the responsible parent or guardian will be mailed by certified mail with return receipt requested or delivered by hand (with an adult witness present) indicating the recommendation that will be made to the Board. A copy of this letter will remain on file, and the letter should explain:
 - a. The time and place of the Board meeting at which the recommendation will be made.

- b. That the recommendation may be appealed at the time the recommendation is made to the Board.
- c. That the appeal shall be in writing delivered to the Superintendent prior to the time of the Board meeting.
- d. That the written appeal shall indicate a spokesperson on behalf of the student.
- e. That the spokesperson will be given time to speak to the Board on appeal.
- f. The Board may accept the hearing officer's recommendation or reject the recommendation and impose a different disciplinary action including assignment to an alternative educational program. The Board may grant a new hearing, take the matter under advisement, or take any further action deemed necessary. If the Board decides to expel the student the expulsion shall become effective the day after the Board's decision. The decision of the Board is final.
- 2. Upon conclusion of a hearing on expulsion conducted by the Board, the decision of the Board is final.

Special Education Students

A student qualified under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) as revised in 2004 may not be expelled from school, unless as a result of a manifestation determination it has been determined that the student's behavior is unrelated to the child's disability. The manifestation determination must be held within ten (10) school days of any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct. In compliance with federal law and regulation, the student may be given a change in placement in lieu of expulsion. Expulsion may not result in termination of educational services for a student qualified under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. The individualized education program (IEP) team generally determines a change in placement of an IDEA qualified student. During any change in placement the school must provide services to the extent necessary to enable the child to appropriately progress in the general curriculum and appropriately advance toward achieving the goals set out in the child's individualized education programs.

A student with a disability qualified under the Americans with Disabilities Act or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and not qualified under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act as revised in 2004, may be suspended or expelled from school and education services may be ceased, if nondisabled students in similar circumstances do not continue to receive education services.

Readmittance procedure:

- A. A student expelled from the District may request readmittance by making a written application to the Board. Readmission is at the discretion of the Governing Board. In addition, it is the prerogative of the Board to stipulate appropriate conditions for readmittance. The application for readmittance shall occur no less than nine (9) months after the date of the expulsion; however, the student may not be readmitted until at least two (2) complete semesters have passed (the remainder of the semester in which the violation has occurred and two [2] additional semesters). The application must:
 - 1. Be written and be directed to the attention of the Governing Board.
 - 2. Contain all information that the student and parent(s) consider relevant to the Governing Board's determination as to whether or not to readmit the student. This should include information indicating:
 - a. An appreciation by the student of the severity and inappropriateness of the student's prior misconduct.
 - b. That such misconduct or similar misconduct will not be repeated.
 - c. A description of the student's activities since the expulsion.
 - d. Support of the student's application for readmission.
 - 3. Be filed in the Superintendent's office.
- B. The Governing Board shall meet in executive session to consider an initial application for readmission. The student and parents have the right to be present in the executive session but do not have the right to make a presentation or address the Governing Board unless they are asked to do so by the Governing Board. For this reason, it is important that the application for readmission contain all information that the Governing Board may deem important in determining whether to readmit the student. The Governing Board, in its sole discretion, shall determine whether the student readmitted. and. if so. under what and conditions. The burden is on the student and parent(s) to convince the Governing Board that readmission is appropriate considering the interests of the expelled student, the District, and the interests of the other students and staff members. The Governing Board's decision is final.
- C A student may file more than one (1) application for readmission. Applications subsequent to an initial application, however, may not be filed more frequently than every ninety (90) days, and the Governing Board shall meet to discuss and consider the application only if at least two (2) members of the Governing Board ask that the matter be placed on an agenda for discussion in executive session.

Readmittance conditions

As a condition for readmission from an expulsion, the student, with parent(s) or guardian affirmation, shall agree to the following conditions:

- A. Regular attendance no unexcused absence.
- B. No violation of school rules or policies.
- C. Completion of all classroom tasks in a timely fashion, as directed.
- D. Depending upon the nature of the original violation for which the expulsion was provided, the student may be limited as to attendance or participation in after school activities, school sports, and extracurricular events or activities.

A student allowed readmission following expulsion shall receive a written admonition that the original expulsion will be summarily reinstated should the student commit a violation of the conditions for readmission or a criminal or civil violation reflecting on the school order.

Adopted: _____ LEGAL REF.: A.R.S. 13-3401 13-3411 15-342 15-766 15-767 15-841 15-842 15-843 A.A.C. R7-2-401 R7-2-405 A.G.O. 178-103 I78-218 I80-055 I84-036 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., Individuals with Disabilities Education Act 20 U.S.C. 7151 et seg., The Gun-Free School Act of 1990 29 U.S.C. 794 Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (Section 504)

CROSS REF.:

IHB - Special Instructional Programs

JK - Student Discipline

JR - Student Records

REQUEST FOR TRANSFER OF RECORDS

Requesting Records of Transfer Students

Upon enrollment of a transfer student from a private school or from another public school, the principal shall request that the student's parent or guardian (or an emancipated student) authorize consent for the request for the student's education records on form JR-ED.

Within ten (10) school days after enrolling a transfer student from a private school or from another public school, the principal shall request, directly from the student's previous school, a certified copy of the student's record.

Responding to Requests for Student Records

Upon receiving a request for the records of a student who has withdrawn from school, the principal shall comply and forward the record within ten (10) days after receipt of the request, unless:

A. The record has been flagged pursuant to A.R.S. 15-829, in which case the record shall not be forwarded and law enforcement officials shall be notified.

The request does not conform to the requirements related to proper release of records by an emancipated student or parent.

Month	Donor	Donation	Donation Value
February	Robert Schwartz	Grand Piano	\$10,000
Prepared by Adrian De Alba			
Accepted by Steve Watson Signature:			
Date:			

2023-24 Budget Overview

Quarter 3

State Revenue (year to date)

Fund (MCRSD)	Amount	Funding Source
State Equalization	\$748256	State- ADM
Classroom Site Fund	\$60754	State- Teacher Leadership/Evaluations
Prop 202	\$3017	State-Tribal Grants
Total	\$812027	

Fund (Detention)	Amount	Funding Source
State Equalization	\$0	State- ADM
Classroom Site Fund	N/A	State- Teacher Leadership/Evaluations
Prop 202	N/A	State-Tribal Grants
Total	\$0	

Federal Grants

Fund (MCRSD)	FY 24 Amount	FY 25
Title I	\$308,510	\$220,664
Title II	\$4,916	\$2,649
Title IV	\$24,290	\$18,914
IDEA Consolidated	\$206,351	\$100,090
ESSER 3	Expend	\$0
ESSER 3 Non-Title	Expend	\$0
Total	\$544,067	\$342,317

37% Decrease in Funding

Overall Trends

- Highest expenditure is salaries.
- Highest fixed expenditure- HyeTech (\$110K)

- District expenditures to consider to reduce:
 - Rental Property (50K savings)
 - Go To Phones (5k Saving)
 - Evaluate expenditures for capital outlay.

Instructional Program Updates (MCRSD)

- 1. Collaborating with MCSO to develop final integrated unit involving an environmental issue and crime scene. (March 20)
- 2. Hope is planning symposium for Smithsonian Museum visit April 17, 18, 19.
- 3. Students at Hope collaborating with Arizona Game and Fish to create informational posters and other media products as needed.
- 4. Legacy EV will visit Hope and have a speaker series on EV vehicles. First step to start incorporating workbench into school.





Instructional Program Updates (Detention)

- 1. Teacher-Leadership- Continue working with committees to expand teacher leadership in detention.
- 2. Instructional Program Committee- Will begin recruiting and working to develop instructional program committee to shift learning program to fully integrated project-based learning.
- 3. Credits- Focusing on providing core course credits, less elective credits for students.